

THE
ENGINEERING MARVELS
OF

ANGKOR WAT
CAMBODIA

THE ANGKOR TEMPLE COMPLEX CAMBODIA

1. CONQUESTS & EMPIRE
2. MEGALOMANIA & BUILDING
3. DECLINE & FALL
4. DISCOVERY & RESTORATION

THE ANGKOR TEMPLE COMPLEX

1. CONQUESTS & EMPIRE

ANGKOR

THE
HEART
OF THE
KHMER
EMPIRE



A BRIEF HISTORY (1)

ANGKOR – A REGION OF CAMBODIA

Seat of the Khmer Empire in Angkorian Period

802 AD - Reign of Jayavarman II

Khmer Hindu Monarch

629 YEARS

“God-king of Cambodia”

“Universal Monarch”

1431 AD - THAIS SACKED THE CAPITAL

A BRIEF HISTORY (2)

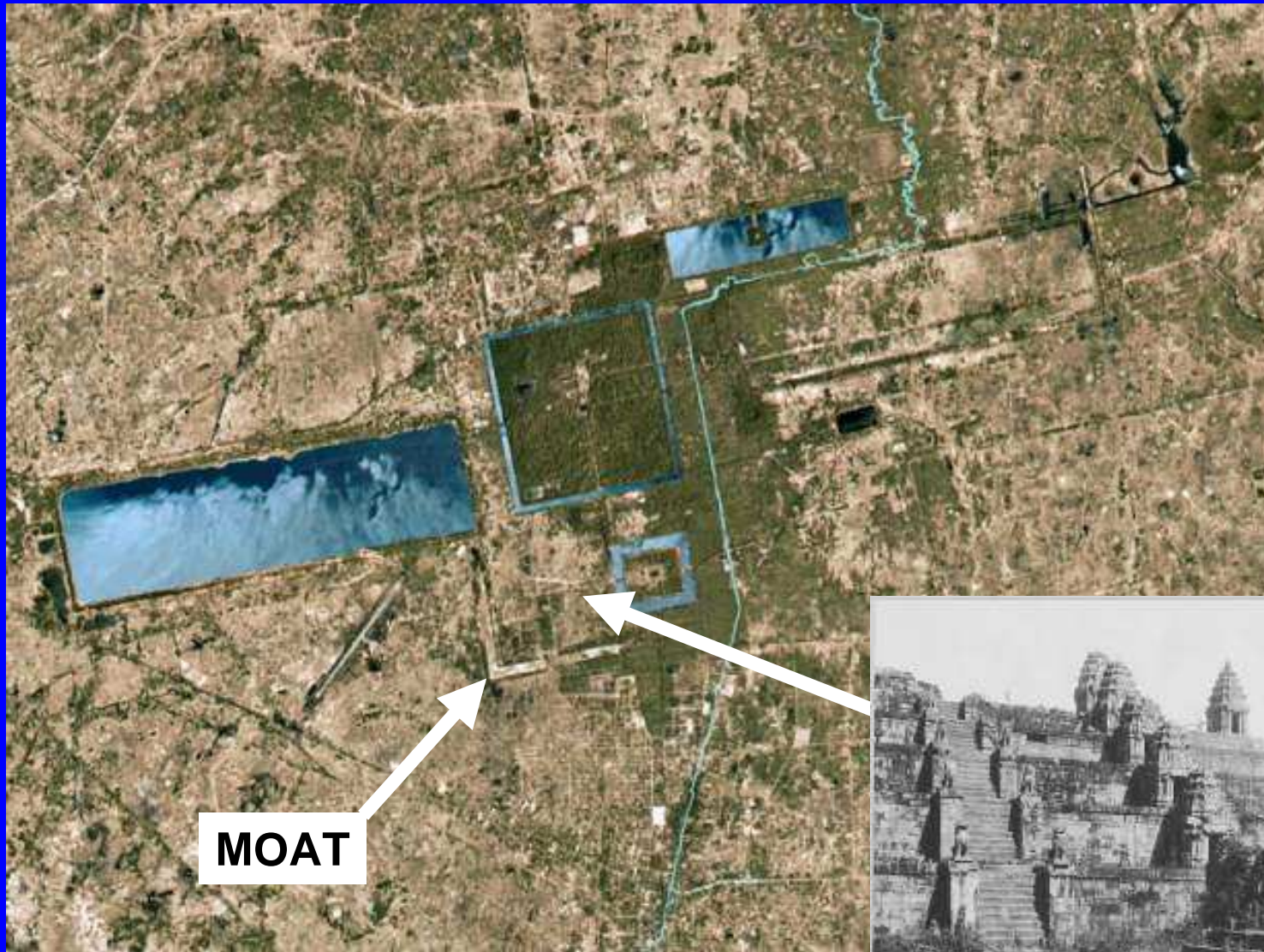
802 AD - Jayavarman II
First Capital at Roulos

889 AD – Yasovarman I
New Capital of Yasodharapura
Phnom Bakheng at centre
Early Temple Mountain
Surrounding Moat

PHNOM BAKHENG

A NATURAL TEMPLE MOUNTAIN





MOAT



PHNOM BAKHENG SITE

THE ANGKOR TEMPLE COMPLEX

2. MEGALOMANIA & BUILDING

Insanity of self-exaltation
Passion for grandiose things

A BRIEF HISTORY (3)

900AD - 1200AD

“A 300 Year Building Frenzy”

Medieval City of Angkor

Area = 2,979 km²

Hong Kong SAR = 1,098 km²

Central Temple Complex (72 Temples)

Area = 104 km²

Hong Kong Island = 80 km²

THE ANGKOR TEMPLE COMPLEX

LAYOUT PLAN



PERSISTENCE OF TEMPLE STYLES

TEMPLE MOUNTAIN STYLE

Early rulers - modelled temples on the
sacred Mount Mehru

(mythical mountain in the High Pamirs)

(Sensible if one has a mountain)

Rather than - the more practical sacred
Ganges River plains

THE SIEM REAP PLAIN



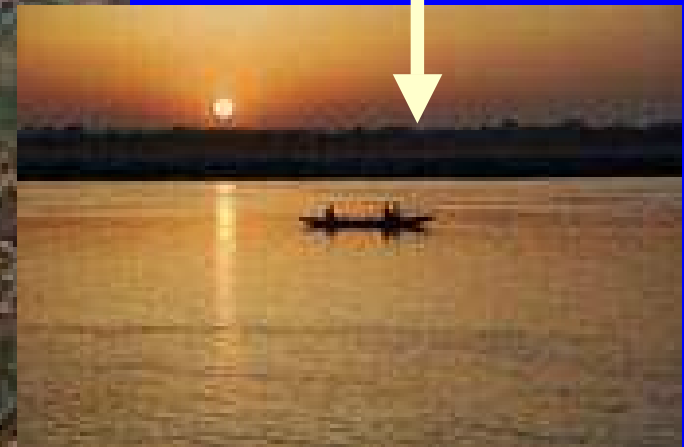
Perfectly Flat Plain



THE SACRED GANGES RIVER



Perfectly Flat Plain



THE TEMPLE MOUNTAIN STYLE

Five-peaked Mount Meru

PRE RUP (961AD)

**Laterite Blocks
& Brick Towers**



TA KEO (1000AD)

Sandstone Blocks

TA KEO TEMPLE MOUNTAIN



SOURCE OF SANDSTONE

KHULEN HILLS – 40 kms to North



TA KEO TEMPLE

EARLY SANDSTONE BUILDING TECHNIQUES



Khmer Woodworking Tradition
Woodbuilding methods used
for stone – tongue & mitre joints



THE GREAT BARAYS (WATER RESERVOIRS)

Hariharalaya

First Baray (850AD)

(Roulos)

= 7 Mm³

Yasodharapura

Eastern Baray (900AD)

= 50 Mm³

Western Baray (1050AD)

= 80 Mm³

RICE IRRIGATION - DRINKING WATER - CEREMONIAL SEA



AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH

Western and Eastern Barays



CAPACITY = 50 Mm³

AREA = 7.1 km x 1.7 km

EMBANKMENTS = 8 Mm³

THE EASTERN BARAY

THE WESTERN BARAY

The
earliest
man-made
structure
visible
from
space



WESTERN BARAY
1030-1060 AD
80 Mm³

DATE	RESERVOIRS	CAPACITY m³
1877	Pok Fu Lam	233,000
1889	Tai Tam Upper	1,490,000
1904	Tai Tam Byewash	80,000
1907	Tai Tam Intermediate	686,000
1910	Kowloon	1,578,000
1917	Tai Tam Tuk	6,047,000
1925	Shek Lei Pui	374,000
1926	Reception	121,000
1931	Aberdeen (2 Res.)	1,259,000
1931	Kowloon Byewash	800,000
1936	Shing Mun (Jubilee)	13,279,000
1957	Tai Lam Chung	20,490,000
1963	Shek Pik	24,461,000
1965	Lower Shing Mun	4,299,000
	TOTAL (15 RES')	75,197,000
	MARINE RESERVOIRS	
1968	Plover Cove	229,729,000
1978	High Island	281,124,000

THE ANGKOR TEMPLE COMPLEX

3. DECLINE & FALL

ANGKORIAN PERIOD

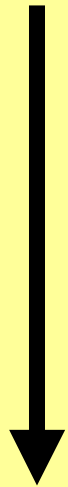
DURATION OF 629 YEARS

802 AD - Reign of Jayavarman II

Khmer Hindu Monarch

“God-king of Cambodia”

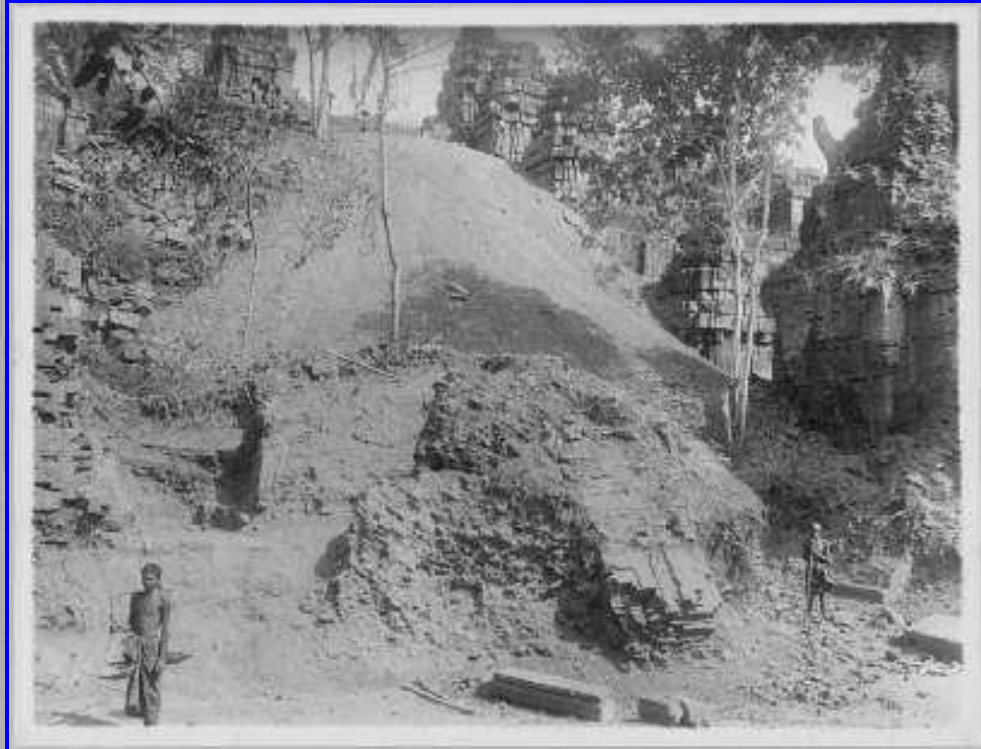
“Universal Monarch”



1431 AD - **THAIS SACKED THE CAPITAL**

ANGKOR TEMPLE COMPLEX

STRUCTURES OVERWHELMED BY FORESTS



THREATS TO THE MONUMENTS

- **TREE AND ROOT GROWTH**
- **INTENSE RAINFALL**
- **HUMAN ACTIVITY**

TREE & ROOT GROWTH (1)



TREE & ROOT GROWTH (2)



TREE & ROOT GROWTH (3)



INTENSE RAINFALL



INTENSE RUNOFF & SEEPAGE



HUMAN IMPACTS

Squaddies with Guns



HUMAN IMPACTS

Large Calibre Gunfire

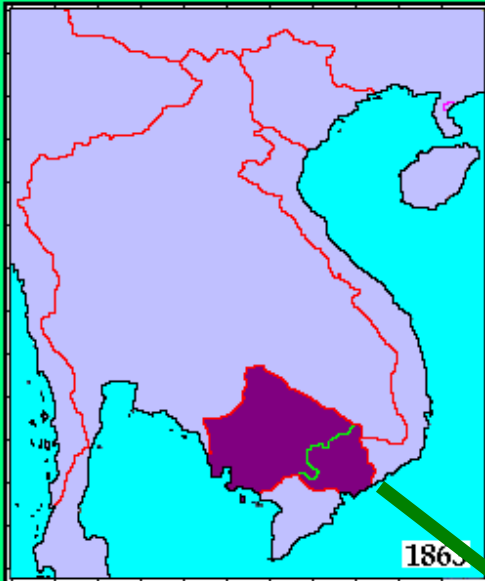


THE ANGKOR TEMPLE COMPLEX

4. DISCOVERY & RESTORATION

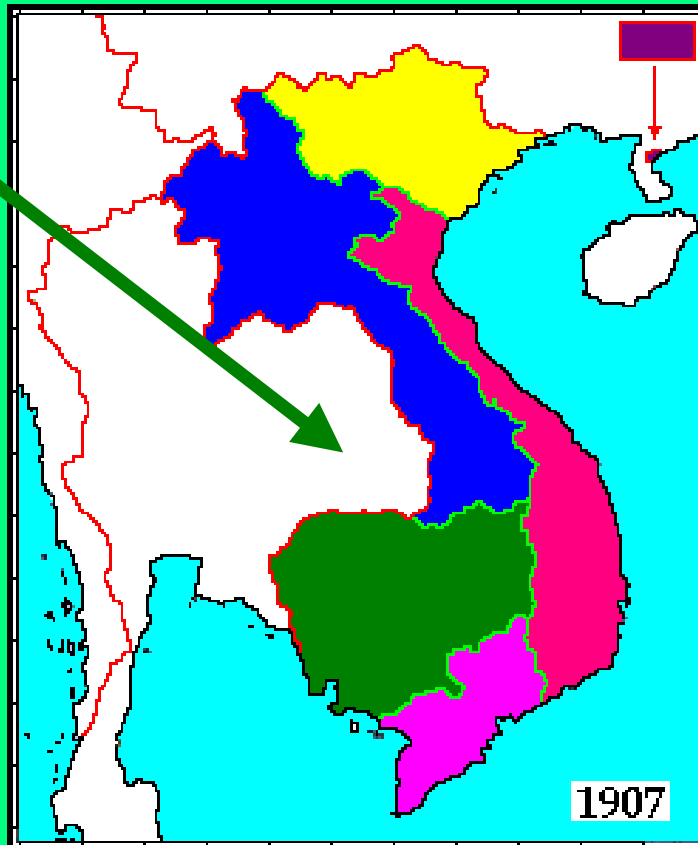
FRENCH INDOCHINA

(1907 - 1918)









(1863 - 1866)

**COLONIAL
EXPANSION
IN
50 YEARS**



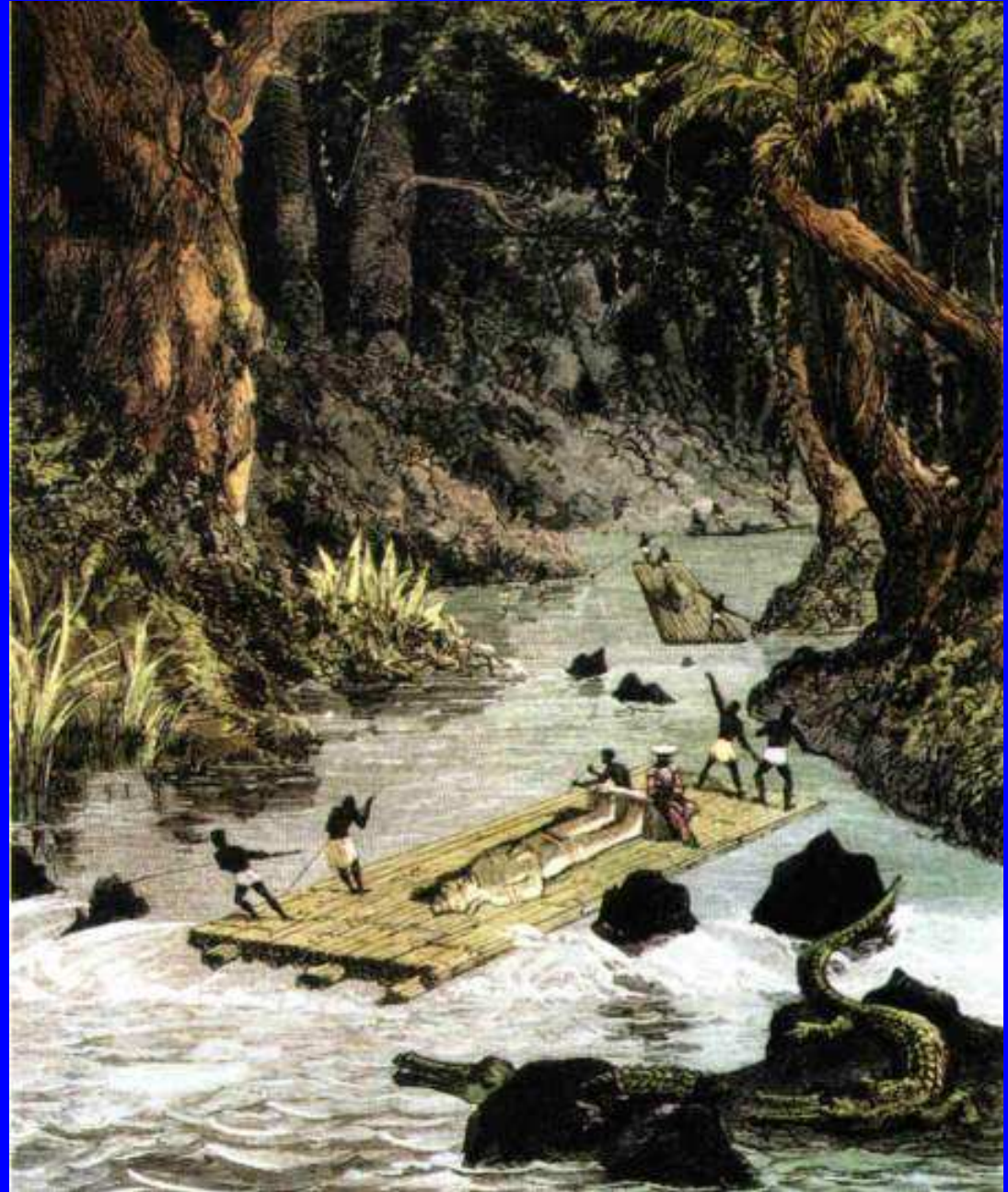
French Indochina
administrative

-  Cochinchina
-  Cambodia
-  Annam
-  Tonkin
-  Laos
-  Kwangchouwan

EARLY FRENCH ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSERVATION

Removing
the statues
to France
for
safe-keeping

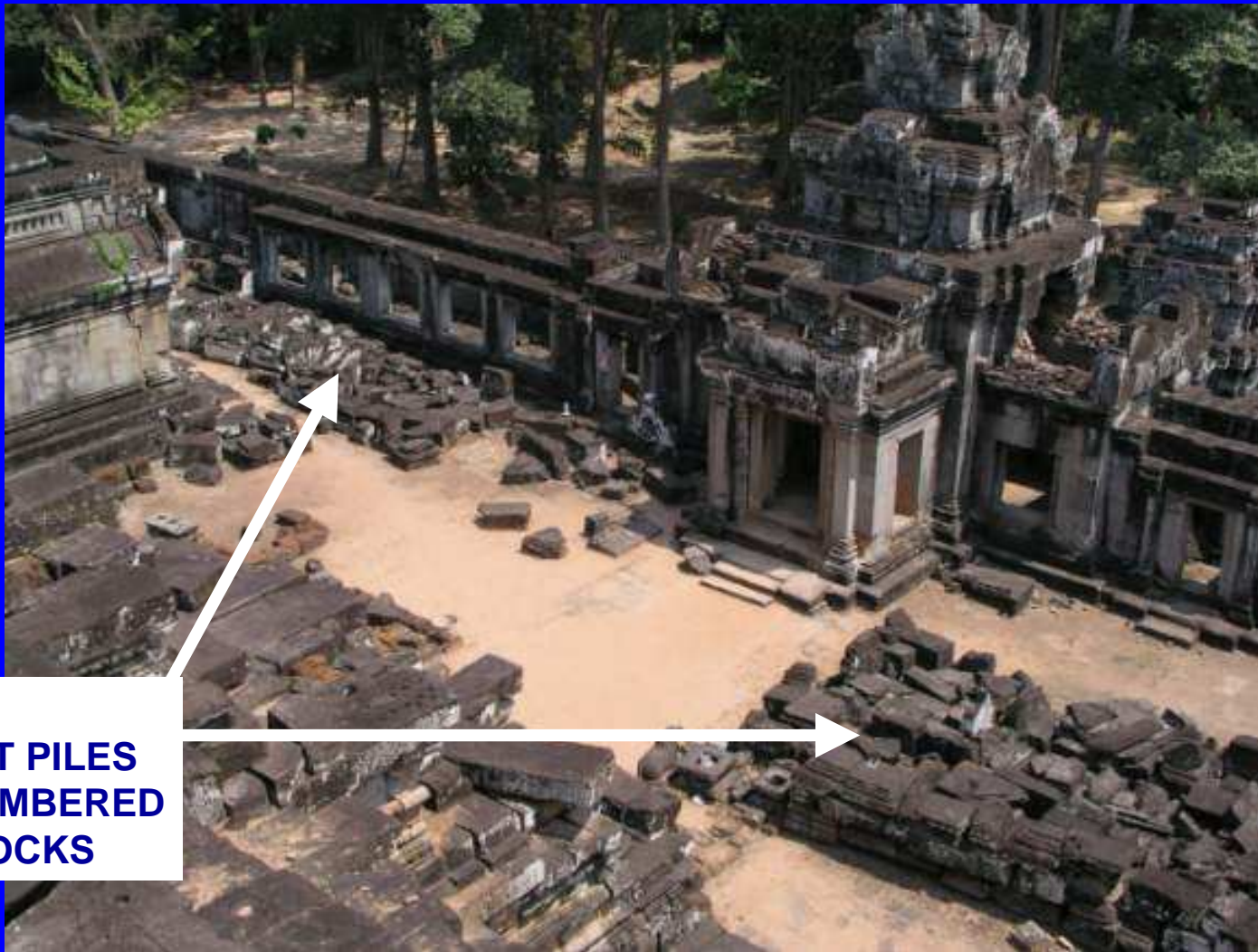
Louis Delaporte
Expedition
1874



**LATER FRENCH
ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSERVATION (1)
VEGETATION CLEARANCE - 1915**



LATER FRENCH ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONSERVATION (2) DISMANTLING



**NOTE:
NEAT PILES
OF NUMBERED
BLOCKS**

ULTIMATE FRENCH CONSERVATION METHODOLOGY

- 1. DRAW PLANS OF STRUCTURE**
- 2. DISMANTLE STRUCTURE**
- 3. NUMBER BLOCKS**
- 4. PILE BLOCKS**
- 5. CATALOGUE LOCATIONS**

ULTIMATE FRENCH CONSERVATION

THE COUPE DE GRACE

- 1. DRAW PLANS OF STRUCTURE**
- 2. DISMANTLE STRUCTURE**
- 3. NUMBER BLOCKS**
- 4. PILE BLOCKS**
- 5. CATALOGUE LOCATIONS**
- 6. LOSE RECORDS IN A WAR**

LE MONDE

January 1979

Engineers Wanted

**Experienced architectural stonemasons required
for puzzling work in Cambodia:**

Must be capable of working without:

Qualified Supervision

Instructions

Building Plans

Advice to potential applicants:

*Experience of assembling advanced jigsaw puzzles
(without the picture) would be a distinct advantage*

MODERN APPROACH

RESTORATION

CONSERVATION
&
STABILISATION
IN SITU

Do not rebuild

Leave the blocks in place

Stabilise as necessary

Retain the ancient “feel”



THE END



Thank You